

SPRINGMEYER EXPOSES TEACHERY OF THATCHER

Challenges Him to Read Letter In Full Instead of Extracts Sam Platt to Tell Some Things About What Senator Newlands Has Failed to Do In Nevada

Sam Platt, George Springmeyer, J. F. Abel and Wm. McMillan are among those who will be heard this evening at the Nevada theater when the guns of the senatorial campaign will be unlimbered and heavy shells hurled into the ranks of the Newlands forces. Instead of talking of "Me and Wilson," like the worst senator from California, Sam Platt will bring up local issues and tell the people about what has not been accomplished and something that might be accomplished for the good of Nevada.

Hon. H. H. Atkinson will preside.

The meeting will be held to order at 8 o'clock at the Nevada theater on Brougher avenue and the men who take part promise there will not be a dull moment till the lights go out. The Tonopah Military band will give an open air concert before the meeting.

J. F. Abel, as candidate for superintendent of public instruction, will tell of the influence of the kitchen cabinet in the schools and enlighten the public on the conduct of the schools in the archaic fashion that has rendered education in Nevada open to criticism. "Billy" McMillan, the invincible who has never been defeated, will also have a few words to say about extravagance and what Oddie's election means for Nevada.

GOLDFIELD'S DEFAULTING POSTMASTER ABETTED THE NEFARIOUS CONSPIRACY BUT SPRINGMEYER ACTED HONORABLY

Tonopah, October 26, 1914.

To the People of Nevada:

I resent and denounce Mr. Thatcher's charges that my letter to E. R. Collins of date July 25, 1910, was crooked. I wrote the letter honestly, and under similar circumstances, would do it again. The circumstances were these:

In July, 1910, I contemplated being a candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of attorney general and during such time discussed my candidacy with E. R. Collins, at that time a strong political power. Collins tried to dissuade me from entering the fight, declaring that Hugh Brown, of Tonopah, would likely be a candidate before the primaries and would defeat me, as he was very popular. Nevertheless, I filed my application. Later and on or about the 24th of that month Collins came to my office and asked me how I stood in respect to the existing membership of the Nevada Railroad commission. I told him that I was for their retention in office and if elected I would vote for their reappointment, just as I had already publicly declared. Collins told me that this was all he wanted to know and that as Hugh Brown had not as yet filed for the primary nomination, such being my stand on the Nevada Railroad commission, he might not enter the fight. On the 26th day of July Collins called on me in my office and said that it was all right; that as my stand on the railroad commission was satisfactory to the party, Hugh Brown would not file. I said that sounded good to me. Collins then said that I must put it in writing to assure Hugh Brown and others that the Nevada Railroad commission was safe in the event that I had no opposition. Suspecting

no treachery, and without hesitation or suspicion of unfriendly motives, I thereupon wrote the letter in question.

Within an hour from that time I learned on the street that Hugh Brown had filed. I met Collins coming out of the post office and started to talk with him when he stopped me and said to come inside. He closed the door back of me, and turning about said:

"Now we have got you just where we want you. You lay down, or I'll publish that letter and kill you politically for all time."

"You publish that letter and I will tell how you got it," I said. "You have struck the wrong man. There is nothing in it but what I am willing to have published and I defy you to publish it." There was a good deal more said, among which was that I proposed to stay in and make that fight and publicly declare my stand on the railroad commission from every platform in the state.

In making my primary campaign, I everywhere publicly pledged myself, if elected, to support and vote for the retention in office of Messrs. Bartine, Shaughnessy and Thurtell, as members of the State Railroad commission, precisely in accordance with the intent of my letter to Mr. Collins.

In a public letter sent by mail to the Republicans in August, 1910, I so pledged myself.

In a speech at Ely in August, 1910, I made the same pledge. See report of meeting in Ely Daily Examiner.

In a speech at Lovelock in August, 1910, I made the promise. See report of meeting in Lovelock Tribune.

In a speech at Reno, on August 31, 1910, I emphatically reiterated this declaration. See stenographic report of speech by J. Lozano, and report in Nevada State Journal of September 1, 1910.

On September 27, 1910, I was chairman of the platform committee of the Republican State convention, and, conforming to my letters and verbal promises to Mr. Collins and the public, wrote the plank in the platform pledging the Republican nominees to the reappointment of Bartine, Shaughnessy and Thurtell as the railroad commissioners, and read the platform before the convention. This was the plank:

"We commend the work of the Nevada State Railroad commission and believe that the proper and just control of these great public utilities can best be exercised through the agency of such a commission."

"The work of the present commission has been such as to win the respect and confidence of all the people in this state, regardless of their political affiliations, and we pledge our party to their retention in office."

My feeling against Hugh Brown in the primary campaign of 1910 grew out of the belief at that time that he knew of the representations made by Collins. I do not so believe now, for Mr. Thatcher in his speech at Tonopah quotes a published extract from a letter found among Collins' effects, the authorship of which he does not disclose, and which supplies, at this late day, the motive of Collins, and apprises me at last that my feeling against Mr. Brown was wholly and completely unfounded.

Mr. Thatcher's interpretation of my letter in his Tonopah speech is neither justified nor uttered in good faith. I wrote the letter honestly, and under similar circumstances, would do it again.

The man who says or suggests that there was anything crooked or false upon my part, deliberately lies. I allow no man to question my honor or integrity, politically or otherwise. And I say to the people of Nevada that the individuals who, in desperation, use the despicable methods of a stern rebuke. If the gentleman's distortion of the incident is excusable by reason of his not having all the facts, then no mantle of charity is broad enough to cover a reiteration of his charges or insinuations.

GEORGE SPRINGMEYER.

THE TEMPERATURE.

Highest temperature yesterday, 66; a year ago, 61.

Lowest temperature last night, 31; a year ago, 40.

AMERICAN TROOPS ORDERED TO CANAL AS TO PRECAUTION

(By International News Service.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—To protect the Panama canal adequately the fifth regiment of infantry today was ordered to hold itself in readiness to move from Plattsburg, N. Y., to the canal zone without loss of time. The transport Buford, now at Vera Cruz, will be utilized to carry the regiment from New York to Panama. The movement of the fifth regiment, which will augment the tenth infantry and three companies of coast artillery now in the canal zone, is to be made in order to provide a garrison near the canal which will be sufficient to repel any possible unexpected attack. It was at first intended to maintain only one regiment of infantry in the zone, but developments abroad made it clear that the canal ought to be guarded by more than a handful of men and it is probable other regiments will be sent within the next two months.

TODAY AND A YEAR AGO.

Official readings of the thermometer by the United States observer at Tonopah.

	1914	1913
5 a. m.	51	45
9 a. m.	57	50
12 noon	63	59
2 p. m.	68	64

MISSING DOCTOR IN SMOKY VALLEY SAYS A REPORT

The mysterious disappearance of Dr. W. M. Young from Bijou Lake Valley, some two years ago, has been cleared up by quite positive proof which came tonight this week. The doctor was not drowned in Lake Tahoe as was the common belief at the time of his disappearance, but is in the land of living, being a resident of Smoky Valley, this state, where the Fred Jones family now holds forth.

A few days ago, while Wm. Hussman was in the vicinity, he was introduced as being from Carson Valley, whereupon his new friend informed him that a family, former residents of Carson Valley, resided at Smoky Valley, their names being Fred Jones, and his two sisters, Emma and Alice. Mr. Hussman was also informed that a Dr. Young, also of Carson Valley, was making his home with the Jones family.

Dr. Jones left Bijou one evening about two years ago in a row boat to make a professional call at McFaul's, two miles distant on the shores of the lake. He was never seen nor heard of again and his family and friends believed that the boat had capsized and he was drowned. The south end of the lake was dragged for his body without result.—Gardnerville Record-Courier.

ALASKA CLAIMS LEDGES OF GOLD HALF MILE WIDE

CANADIAN'S REPORT OF THE ALLEGED DISCOVERY OF RICH LEDGES NORTH OF SEWARD.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 26.—News of the discovery of a great new gold field north of Seward, Alaska, in United States territory, was brought to the Canadian government today by G. H. Collins, managing director of the Canadian Fish and Cold Storage company, the Canadian fish trust of Prince Rupert, B. C.

"Advice received by me from A. Wolf and A. H. Tutt," said Collins, "who have just returned from the Broad pass district, 250 miles north of Seward, Alaska, after having spent the season prospecting there, and who have looked over the field, are to the effect that most extraordinary bodies of ore have been found, and that the coming season in that part of Alaska will witness the greatest rush ever seen in the Alaska gold fields."

"The ore occurs in enormous ledges or dikes, ranging in width from 600 feet to half a mile, and some of these deposits have been traced for 18 miles, and, no doubt, will be found to be a great deal longer when their size has been definitely determined. The ore, while rich in gold and silver, lead and zinc, will have to be smelted to extract its values."

"Assayer Rae, of Knik, asserts that he has treated many samples from the district and that 98 per cent saving can be made. One ledge which has been examined by Wolf and Tutt is more than 1200 feet wide, and is solid ore from rim to rim."

"Another property on the same ledge where the ledge is 250 feet wide has a streak of ore fourteen feet wide, with values of \$250 a ton. There have been thirty-five men in that country all summer and all have made locations."

"The weather hindered development, and it has been next to impossible to get grub and tools in there because of lack of trails."

"The United States government engineers are, however, building a good trail, and the rush next spring will be able to get through."

"A bunch of Montana mining men has been there all summer and came out a few days ago with astounding samples. They are the Pankey brothers, and they say that the new fields will undoubtedly prove to be the mineralized belt of the world, which will be fully developed as soon as the United States government completes its proposed new railroad into the district."

"The Canadian government is greatly interested in the report of the new find and will send men from the geological survey to ascertain if Canada can get any benefit from the reported finds."

Monroe Doctrine Violated By Canada In Giving Aid to Britain

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Germans are putting Antwerp in a state of defense. A Rotterdam dispatch says the Belgian guns on the forts have been replaced with German fortress artillery of the latest type.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Although Germany contends Canada, in sending troops against Germany, violated the spirit of the Monroe doctrine, Germany has no intention of attacking Canada, nor attempting to colonize that dominion, is a statement from the German embassy. The statement is an amplification of the view of Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that by taking part in the war, the Canadians had justified an aggressive campaign against themselves.

GERMANS FAIL TO ADVANCE

(By International News Service.)

PARIS, Oct. 26.—Despite furious attacks, the Germans who succeeded in crossing the Yser in northwestern Belgium, failed to make any further progress. This is officially announced by the French war office today.

"During yesterday our front has been maintained. Forces of Germans that succeeded crossing River Yser between Nieupoort and Dixmude have not been able to make any further progress."

"Our front extends in a general way from Nieupoort and Dixmude to region between Ypres and Roulers to that between Armentieres and Lille, west of La Bassée and of Lens and east of Arras. His line has been prolonged to the south by that already indicated in an official communication."

"In the battles of these latter days the enemy appears to have suffered considerable losses."

"In Russia to the west of the Vistula river and north of Pilsa, the Germans have been thrown back upon Szwiec, Skiernowicz and Rawa, which have been taken at the point of the bayonet by the Russians."

"To the south of Pilsa, in the direction of Radom, a vigorous conflict has been in progress between Russians and Austro-Germans, who lost some prisoners and guns."

ONE MAN IS KILLED IN AN I. W. W. FIGHT

WOBBLES SEIZE A TRAIN AND ARE ATTACKED BY SPECIAL OFFICERS.

(By International News Service.)

REDDING, Cal., Oct. 26.—One man was killed and a number hurt in a fight between four officers and sixty I. W. W. members who had taken possession of a Southern Pacific freight train at Dunsmuir last night. The dead man is Tom Lane, aged 43, whose residence is unknown.

WAVERING LINES REINFORCED AT A CRITICAL TIME

NEW STRENGTH GAINED BY AUSTRILIANS AND GERMANS ABOUT TO YIELD.

(By International News Service.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The beginning of the thirteenth week finds the allies and Germans still locked in a furious struggle in the theater of war. In the eastern and southern theaters the Austrians seem to have rallied and taken new fighting strength much to the surprise of Russian and Serbians. The discipline of the Austrian army has been stiffened by the importation of trained German officers. The greatest interest now centers in the fighting in the northern sphere, around Arras, Lille and over the Nieupoort, Dixmude-Roulers line in Belgium. Timely arrival of reinforcements and big guns saved the Germans in that region just as their lines began to crumble beneath the vigorous assaults of the French, British and Belgians. The Germans have been able to achieve slight successes near Lille and on Yser in Belgium, but British military experts believe the time is not far away when a general German retreat from the coast will be ordered.

PERSONAL

Comings and Goings of Local People and Others.

REV. J. M. SWANDER was a passenger this morning for Los Angeles.

JAMES FORMAN, brother of Judge William Forman, arrived from Oakland this morning.

CHARLES J. SLAVIN, candidate for sheriff, is back from a tour of the southern country.

JAKE GOLDFRIEND, of the movies in Goldfield, took a run over this morning by motor.

FREDERICK BRADSHAW, manager of the Tonopah Belmont Development company, came back from a trip to Surf Inlet yesterday morning.

DAN J. ROBB, regular Democratic candidate for treasurer, returned from Round Mountain after making a canvass of the northern end of his bailiwick.

R. F. GILBERT, Republican candidate for the assembly, left this morning for Rhyolite and southern precincts of Nye county in the interests of his candidacy.

OTTO STEINHEIMER, of Steinheimer Brothers, of Reno, state agents for the famous Studebaker car, is here establishing an agency and demonstrating the big six.

EDMOND JUSSSEN and W. H. Wiley, experts retained by the West End, arrived this morning and will be joined by Horatio Winchell, of Minneapolis, tomorrow morning.

GEORGE SPRINGMEYER, next attorney-general of the state of Nevada, arrived on this morning's train and will address the voters of Tonopah this evening at the Nevada theater.

V. H. DICKSON, of Salt Lake, Horatio Ailing, of Oakland, B. F. Edwards, vice-president of the West End Mining company, arrived here this morning in connection with the apex proceedings.

MRS. HARRY GRIER and young son arrived this morning from Goldfield to make their future residence in Tonopah. Mr. Grier went over to the gold camp Saturday to escort his family to this city. They have taken a house on Edwards street, having rented their beautiful home in Goldfield to W. R. Cattermole.

Proof of labor blanks for sale at the Bonanza.

Advertise in the Bonanza.

PERSONAL

By the reduction of the capital stock of the Pacific Coast Borax company from \$2,600,000 to \$300,000, as made public in documents filed with the Alameda county clerk yesterday, the first step toward the ultimate dissolution of that concern has been taken.

That the complete dissolution of the company at this time has not been taken place is due to the fact that it must be kept alive as a company owning at least \$300,000 worth of property for three years pending the settlement of \$300,000 of debts of the Borax Consolidated of London, which the Pacific Coast Borax company has guaranteed.

ENGAGEMENT IN THE CARPATHIAN MOUNTAINS ENDS DISASTEROUSLY.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—Official: The French line between Nieupoort and Dixmude maintained. Russians forced Germans beyond Lower Skiernowicz and Rawa, which were captured by the Russians at the point of the bayonet. Lively engagements have taken place between Russians, Austrians and Germans near Radom, the Russians capturing prisoners and cannon. South of Solec, the Russians crossed the Vistula, driving the Austrians back. South of Przemyśl stubborn combats have been favorable to the Russians. An Austrian column in the Carpathians has been routed.

FURIOUS ATTACKS DO NOT MAKE ANY IMPRESSION ON LINES.

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DEMANDS SURRENDER OF A TORPEDO BOAT

CHINA PROTESTS AGAINST ACTION OF A JAPANESE BELLIGERENT.

(By Associated Press.)

PEKING, Oct. 26.—The Chinese foreign minister has demanded the surrender of a Japanese torpedo boat with its crew which entered Chinese waters, substituted the Japanese flag for the Chinese flag, and attempted to tow away the wrecked German torpedo boat S-90.

SMITH HAS NOT WITHDRAWN FROM RACE FOR CONSTABLE

I wish to advise my friends that I have not withdrawn from the race for constable in spite of rumors circulated by those who would like to see me retire. I am in the fight to win and I am making the race "flat-footed" on my own record and ask the people of Tonopah to support me at the polls.

CHARLES G. SMITH.
Candidate for Constable of the Town of Tonopah.—Adv.

VON MOLTKE DYING FROM BROKEN HEART

(By International News Service.)

THE HAGUE, Oct. 26.—Count Von Moltke, chief of the German general staff, is at death's door. He has been seriously ill for a fortnight and his sickness is aggravated by failure of the general staff's plans in France and displeasure of the Kaiser. General Von Falkenhayne is acting chief.

AUSTRIAN STEAMER SUNK.

(By International News Service.)

PEKIN, Oct. 26.—An Austrian cruiser has been sunk in Kiao Chau bay by Japanese artillery, according to a report in government circles.

EARTHQUAKE IN TURIN.

(By Associated Press.)

ROME, Oct. 26.—Severe earthquake occurred today at Turin. No casualties are reported.

Swedish Ships Are Captured

(By International News Service.)

LONDON, Oct. 26.—During the past 48 hours German warships have stopped and captured four Swedish steamers bound for British ports with a cargo of timber.

The German admiralty has announced that timber bound for Great Britain is contraband.

MRS. CARMAN GIVEN LIBERTY ON BOND

JURY STANDS TEN FOR ACQUITTAL AFTER BEING OUT ALL NIGHT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Carman was released on \$25,000 bail today. The jury yesterday disagreed, being ten for acquittal. The district attorney said he wouldn't urge another trial charging defendant with the murder of Mrs. Bailey.

AGENCY OF CYANIDE IN THE WORLD'S GOLD SUPPLY

The world's gold output never reached \$200,000,000 in a single year until 1896, season of our great national debate on the money-metal question. In the few years since then it has mounted up to near \$500,000,000 a year and has steadily increased. Cyanide is the explanation.

Cyanide is an intensely poisonous acid which the German chemists produce most cheaply; because they do it cheapest they have been allowed to supply most of the world's requirements. Mixed with water and passed through crushed gold-bearing rock it leaches out the gold and carries it away in solution. The gold is then precipitated by passing the solution through zinc shavings and zinc dust, the zinc attracting the gold.

This process makes it possible to get the gold out of the vast masses of ore that could not be mined by the old amalgam process, of which quicksilver was the basis. The cyanide process was invented by MacArthur and Forrest, in Glasgow, or rather, was made commercially practical by them. Its extended utilization put value into ore lodes that had been worthless before and this chiefly accounts for the immense inflation of the gold output.

Germany had either gold ore or the inventors of the process but German scientific skill and thoroughness proceeded largely to monopolize the cyanide production, and this to make Germany as much a partner in gold production as if she had mined the riches of the Rand.—New York Herald.

FIRST SNOW OF SEASON FALLS ON LAKE SUPERIOR

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The first real snow of the season in the central states is reported from the Lake Superior regions. Snow fell at Green Bay, Wis., with a minimum temperature of twenty.

PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT FOR MEXICAN REPUBLIC

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Official reports indicate the Mexican National convention at Aguascalientes would today or tomorrow dispose Carranza and substitute a provisional president.

List Captives Over 250,000

(By International News Service.)

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Up to October 21 German armies in the eastern and western theaters have taken 296,869 prisoners of war, as announced today. This includes 5,401 officers, of whom 27 were generals.